business loans (defined as loans outstanding and unfunded commitments to lend) as provided in §702.202(a)(4).

- (b) Discretionary supervisory actions by NCUA. Subject to the procedures set forth in subpart L of part 747 of this chapter for issuing, reviewing and enforcing directives, the NCUA Board may, by directive, take one or more of the actions prescribed in §702.204(b) if the credit union's net worth ratio has not increased consistent with its thenpresent business plan, or the credit union has failed to undertake any mandatory supervisory action prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) Mandatory liquidation or conservatorship. Notwithstanding any other actions required or permitted to be taken under this section, the NCUA Board—
- (1) Plan not submitted. May place into liquidation pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1787(a)(3)(A)(ii), or conservatorship pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1786(h)(1)(F), an "uncapitalized" new credit union which fails to submit a revised business plan within the time provided under paragraph (a)(2) of this section; or
- (2) "Uncapitalized" after 90 days. Must place into liquidation pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1787(a)(3)(A)(ii), or conservatorship pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1786(h)(1)(F), an "uncapitalized" new credit union which remains "uncapitalized" ninety (90) calendar days after the date the NCUA Board approved the revised business plan submitted by the credit union pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of this section, unless the credit union documents to the NCUA Board why it is viable and has a reasonable prospect of becoming "adequately capitalized."

§ 702.306 Revised business plans for new credit unions.

(a) Schedule for filing—(1) Generally. A "moderately capitalized," "marginally capitalized" or "minimally capitalized" new credit union must file a written revised business plan (RBP) with the appropriate Regional Director and, if State-chartered, with the appropriate State official within 30 calendar days following the effective date (per §702.101(b)) of the credit union's failure to meet a quarterly net worth target prescribed in its then-present business plan, unless the NCUA Board notifies

the credit union in writing that its RBP is to be filed within a different period, or that the NCUA Board is waiving the requirement that the credit union file an RBP. An "uncapitalized" new credit union must file an RBP within the time provided under §702.305(a)(2).

- (2) Failure to timely file plan. When a new credit union fails to file an RBP as provided under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the NCUA Board shall promptly notify the credit union that it has 15 calendar days from receipt of that notice within which to do so.
- (b) Contents of revised business plan. A new credit union's RBP must, at a minimum—
- (1) Address changes, since the new credit union's current business plan was approved, in any of the business plan elements required for charter approval under Chapter 1, section IV.D. of NCUA's Chartering and Field of Membership Manual (IRPS 99-1), 63 FR 71998, 72019 (Dec. 30, 1998), or its successor(s), or for State-chartered credit unions under applicable State law;
- (2) Establish a timetable of quarterly targets for net worth during each year in which the RBP is in effect so that the credit union becomes "adequately capitalized" and remains so for four (4) consecutive calendar quarters. If "complex," the credit union is subject to a risk-based net worth requirement that may require a net worth ratio higher than six percent (6%) to become "adequately capitalized";
- (3) Specify the projected amount of earnings to be transferred quarterly to its regular reserve as provided under §702.304(a)(1) or 702.305(a)(1):
- (4) Explain how the new credit union will comply with the mandatory and discretionary supervisory actions imposed on it by the NCUA Board under this subpart;
- (5) Specify the types and levels of activities in which the new credit union will engage;
- (6) In the case of a new credit union reclassified to a lower category under §702.302(d), specify the steps the credit union will take to correct the unsafe or unsound condition or practice; and
- (7) Include such other information as the NCUA Board may require.

§ 702.307

- (c) Criteria for approval. The NCUA Board shall not approve a new credit union's RBP unless it—
- (1) Addresses the items enumerated in paragraph (b) of this section;
- (2) Is based on realistic assumptions, and is likely to succeed in building the credit union's net worth; and
- (3) Would not unreasonably increase the credit union's exposure to risk (including credit risk, interest-rate risk, and other types of risk).
- (d) Consideration of regulatory capital. To minimize possible long-term losses to the NCUSIF while the credit union takes steps to become "adequately capitalized," the NCUA Board shall, in evaluating an RBP under this section, consider the type and amount of any form of regulatory capital which may become established by NCUA regulation, or authorized by State law and recognized by NCUA, which the credit union holds, but which is not included in its net worth.
- (e) Review of revised business plan— (1) Notice of decision. Within 30 calendar days after receiving an RBP under this section, the NCUA Board shall notify the credit union in writing whether its RBP is approved, and shall provide reasons for its decision in the event of disapproval. The NCUA Board may extend the time within which notice of its decision shall be provided.
- (2) Delayed decision. If no decision is made within the time prescribed in paragraph (e)(1) of this section, the RBP is deemed approved.
- (3) Consultation with State officials. When evaluating an RBP submitted by a federally-insured State-chartered new credit union (whether an original, new or additional RBP), the NCUA Board shall seek and consider the views of the appropriate State official, and provide prompt notice of its decision to the appropriate State official.
- (f) Plan not approved—(1) Submission of new revised plan. If an RBP is rejected by the NCUA Board, the new credit union shall submit a new RBP within 30 calendar days of receiving notice of disapproval of its initial RBP, unless it is notified in writing by the NCUA Board that the new RBP is to be filed within a different period.
- (2) Notice of decision on revised plan. Within 30 calendar days after receiving

- an RBP under paragraph (f)(1) of this section, the NCUA Board shall notify the credit union in writing whether the new RBP is approved. The Board may extend the time within which notice of its decision shall be provided.
- (g) Amendment of plan. A credit union that has filed an approved RBP may, after prior written notice to and approval by the NCUA Board, amend it to reflect a change in circumstance. Pending approval of an amended RBP, the new credit union shall implement its existing RBP as originally approved.

§ 702.307 Incentives for new credit unions.

- (a) Assistance in revising business plans. Upon timely request by a credit union having total assets of less than \$10 million (regardless how long it has been in operation), the NCUA Board shall provide assistance in preparing a revised business plan required to be filed under §702.306.
- (b) Assistance. Management training and other assistance to new credit unions will be provided in accordance with policies approved by the NCUA Board.
- (c) Small credit union program. A new credit union is eligible to join and receive comprehensive benefits and assistance under NCUA's Small Credit Union Program.

Subpart D—Reserves

§ 702.401 Reserves.

- (a) Special reserve. Each federally-insured credit union shall establish and maintain such reserves as may be required by the FCUA, by state law, by regulation, or in special cases by the NCUA Board or appropriate State official.
- (b) Regular reserve. Each federally-insured credit union shall establish and maintain a regular reserve account for the purpose of absorbing losses that exceed undivided earnings and other appropriations of undivided earnings, subject to paragraph (c) of this section. Earnings required to be transferred annually to a credit union's regular reserve under subparts B or C of this part shall be held in this account.